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The paper examines various risks in equity and debt modes of financing and discusses the appropriate institutional model that can mitigate these risks.

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Mohammed Obaidullah
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Sami Ibrahim al-Suwailem
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This paper highlights the importance of microfinance as a tool to fight poverty. It presents the “best practices” models of microfinance and the consensus principles of microfinance industry.

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M. Umer Chapra
This paper asserts that comprehensive vision of human well-being cannot be realised by just a rise in income and wealth through development that is necessary for the fulfilment of basic needs or by the realization of equitable distribution of income and wealth. It is also necessary to satisfy spiritual as well as non-material needs, not only to ensure true well-being but also to sustain economic development over the longer term.

THE NATURE AND IMPORTANCE OF SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY OF ISLAMIC BANKS, (1431H, 2010), pp. 460
Mohammed Saleh Ayyash
This book attempts to analyse the essential aspects of social responsibility of Islamic Banks and the means to achieving them. Apart from encapsulating the Shari'ah formulation of the social responsibility and its relation to the objectives of Shari'ah, the book also addresses the linkage between social responsibility and the economic and social development of Muslim communities. Furthermore, it demonstrates the impact of the nature of social and developmental role which should be undertaken by Islamic banks, not only for achieving socio-economic development but also for making the earth inhabitable and prosperous.
ISLAMIC BANKING STRUCTURES: IMPLICATIONS FOR RISK AND FINANCIAL STABILITY, (1432, 2011), pp 50
Abd Elrahman Elzahi Saa Ali
The results of this research are expected to be valuable to the management of Islamic banks and to those who are engaged in the fields of Islamic banking and finance.

Habib Ahmed & Muhammad Sirajul Hoque
This “Handbook of Islamic Economics” is part of the project to make important writings on Islamic economics accessible by organizing them according to various themes and making them available in one place. The first volume of this Handbook subtitled “Exploring the Essence of Islamic Economics” collects together the eighteen important articles contributed by the pioneers of the subject and presents them under four broad themes: (i) Nature and Significance of Islamic Economics, (ii) History and Methodology, (iii) Sharī‘ah and Fiqh Foundations, (iv) Islamic Economic System.

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It is a guide to the Cement industry in the OIC member countries to promote trade among them in the area of cement and to enhance the quality and productivity of cement.

FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENT IN ARAB COUNTRIES (BOOK OF READINGS, No.4) (2005), pp.298
This book of readings provides fruitful policy recommendations on various financial development issues in the Arab World such as operational efficiency and service quality in banking. It also examines different aspects related to stock markets development such as efficiency, volatility, hedging, and returns.

Actes de Séminaires

L'ORGANISATION ET LE FONCTIONNEMENT DU CONSEIL MALAIS DE DIRECTION DES PELERINS ET DU FONDS DU PELERINAGE (1987), 109 pages
Comme institution consacrée à l'organisation du pèlerinage, TABUNG HAJI (Conseil de Direction des Pèlerins) a servi comme modèle type à cette journée d'étude.

L'ADMINISTRATION PUBLIQUE DANS UN CONTEXTE ISLAMIQUE (1995), 150 pages
Yassine Essid and Tahar Mimm, (éd.)
Outre l'histoire de l'administration en Islam, cet ouvrage traite de nombreux aspects tant théoriques que pratiques de l'administration d'un point de vue islamique et qui touchent à l'actualité du monde islamique.

LA ZAKĀT: ASPECTS JURIDIQUES, ECONOMIQUES ET SOCIAUX (1995), 248 pages
Boualem Bendjilali and Mohamed Alami (éd.)
Actes de séminaire sur LA ZAKĀT dont l’objectif est d’ouvrir de nouvelles voies à la réflexion et de faire connaître les concepts, la méthodologie et les principes de base de la collecte et de la répartition de la Zakāt.

DEVELOPPEMENT D’UN SYSTEME D’INSTRUMENTS FINANCIERS ISLAMIQUES (1995), 328 pages
Mohamed Ariff and M.A. Mannan (éd.)
Actes de séminaire dont l'objectif principal était d'identifier les voies et moyens pour l'émission d'instruments financiers islamiques viables qui pourraient préparer le terrain à une mobilisation efficace des ressources financières dans les pays membres de la BID.

INTRODUCTION AUX TECHNIQUES ISLAMIQUES DE FINANCEMENT (1997), 210 pages
Actes de séminaire don’t l’objectif principal était d’offrir aux cadres supérieurs des pays francophones membres de la BID une introduction d’ordre théorique et pratique sur les modes de financement islamiques utilisés par les banques et les institutions financières islamiques.
CONFERENCES EN ECONOMIE ISLAMIQUE (1996), 555 pages
Ausaf Ahmed and Kazim Awan
Actes de séminaire dont l’objectif principal est de servir comme outil de base pour les étudiants et aux enseignants en économie islamique.

LE DEVELOPPEMENT DURABLE, (1997), 256 pages
Taher Memmi (éd.)
Actes d’un séminaire sur le développement durable qui présente, entre autres, la stratégie en cette matière de quelques pays membres de la BID.

PROMOTION ET FINANCEMENT DES MICRO-ENTREPRISES (1997), 187 pages
Taher Memmi (éd.)
Actes de séminaire sur la promotion et financement des micro-entreprises qui peuvent être utiles à tous ceux, décideurs, hommes et femmes du terrain, soucieux de faire de la micro-entreprise un outil efficace et durable de lutte contre la pauvreté.

LA ZAKÂT ET LE WAQF : ASPECTS HISTORIQUES, JURIDIQUES, INSTITUTIONNELS ET ECONOMIQUES (1998), 387 pages
Boualem Bendjilali (éd.)
Actes de séminaire qui visent à faciliter l’accès des lecteurs francophones à la littérature sur l’économie islamique en général et la Zakât et le Waqf en particulier.

LES MODES DE FINANCEMENT ISLAMIQUES (1993), 48 pages
Boualem Bendjilali (éd.)

LES SCIENCES DE LA CHARI'A POUR LES ÉCONOMISTES: LES SOURCES DU FIQH, SES PRINCIPES ET SES THEORIES; LE FIQH DES TRANSACTIONS FINANCIERES ET DES SOCIÉTÉS; ET SON APPLICATION CONTEMPORAINE (2001), 572 pages
Boualem Bendjilali (éd.)
Actes de séminaire sur les sciences de la Chari’a pour les économistes dont l’objectif principal est de servir comme outil de base aux chercheurs, étudiants et enseignants en économie islamique sur les sources du Fiqh.

Recherches

LA COOPERATION ECONOMIQUE ENTRE LES PAYS DU MAGHREB (1985), 138 pages
Ridha Saadallah
Cet ouvrage traite de nombreux thèmes dont les ressources naturelles et humaines au Maghreb, le potentiel de coopération agricole et industrielle au Maghreb, etc.

PROFITS ET INTERETS BANCAIRES ENTRE L’ANALYSE ECONOMIQUE ET LA CHARI'A (1994), 150 pages
Abdelhamid El-Ghazali
Cet opuscule traite de l’intérêt bancaire face au profit en tant que mécanismes de gestion de l’activité économique. Une analyse de deux points de vue différents, celui de l’économie conventionnelle et celui de la Chari’a.
LA MOUDHARABA SELON LA CHARI'A ET SES APPLICATIONS CONTEMPORAINES (1994), 83 pages
Hassan El-Amin
Cette étude traite de nombreux aspects pratiques: légal, économique et bancaire.

JOUALA ET ISTISNA, Analyse juridique et économique (1994), 65 pages
Chaouki Ahmed Donia
L'intérêt de cette recherche réside dans le fait qu'elle aborde un nouveau domaine d'application des transactions économiques islamiques se basant sur deux contrats, à savoir "La Jouala et L'Istisna".

LA PROPRIETE FONCIERE EN ISLAM (1994) (Enquête), 52 pages
Mahmoud A. Guilaid
Le but de cette étude est d'examiner les questions les plus importantes concernant le droit de propriété foncière en Islam.

LES RELATIONS COMMERCIALES ENTRE LE CONSEIL DE COOPERATION DU GOLFE ET LA COMMUNAUTE EUROPEENNE (1995), 152 pages,
Du Passé Récent au Lendemain de 1992
Ridha Mohamed Saadallah
Cette étude procède à une analyse minutieuse des statistiques passées, des échanges commerciaux entre les pays du CCG et ceux de la Communauté Européenne en vue de dégager les tendances profondes et les caractéristiques structurelles du commerce Euro-Golfe.

ERADICATION DE LA PAUVRETE ET DEVELOPPMENT DANS UNE PERSPECTIVE ISLAMIQUE (1995), 180 pages
Abdelhamid Brahimi
Cette recherche, divisée en deux parties, traite dans la première des facteurs internes et externes de blocage et de l'impasse. La seconde est consacrée à la conception et à la mise en œuvre de politiques économiques dans une perspective islamique.

JUGEMENT DU TRIBUNAL FEDERALISLAMIQUE DU PAKISTAN RELATIF A L'INTERET (RIBA) (1995), 478 pages
Ce document constitue un outil de travail et une référence indispensables à tous ceux, parmi les décideurs politiques et chercheurs dans les pays membres de la Banque, qui sont désireux de voir se développer l'alternative d'un système financier exempt d'intérêt.

LES CONDITIONS MONETAIRES D'UNE ECONOMIE DE MARCHES DES ENSEIGNEMENTS DU PASSE AUX REFORMES DE DEMAIN (1993), 64 pages
Maurice Allais (Prix Nobel d'Economie - 1988)
L'auteur, dans son examen, critique du système monétaire international, appelle à des réformes tant économiques que morales.
JURISPRUDENCE DE LA *MAṢLĀHAḤ ET SES APPLICATIONS CONTEMPORAINES* (**1995**), 92 pages
*Hussein Hamed Hassan*
L'étude, présente le point de vue islamique se rapportant à la question de l'intérêt publique, son lien avec la législation, ses conditions et ses dimensions juridiques; avec un certain nombre d'applications contemporaines.

JURISPRUDENCE DE LA *NECESSITE (FIQH DE LA DHARURA)* ET SON APPLICATION DANS LA VIE CONTEMPORAINE :
**PERSPECTIVE ET PORTEE (1996)**, 259 pages
*Abd al-Wahab I. Abu Sulayman*
Cette recherche sur le *Fiqh de la Darūrah* aborde le point de vue de la Chari’a islamique par rapport à la notion de *Darūrah* (nécessité), ses conditions et ses perspectives juridiques.

**COOPERATION ECONOMIQUE POUR UNE STABILITE REGIONALE** (**1996**), 37 pages
*Bacharuddin Jusuf Habibie*
Cet ouvrage porte sur l’importance coopération économique entre les pays en développement en général et entre les pays islamiques en particulier.

**LE QIYAS ET SES APPLICATIONS CONTEMPORAINES** (**1996**), 139 pages
*Mohamed Mokhtar Sellami*
Un conférence qui traite de l’une des sources de la jurisprudence, reconnue dans la science des fondements du droit sous le nom d’analogie (Qiyâs) et reconnue par l’ensemble des écoles juridiques comme preuve légale et méthode d’extraction des jugements.

Prix de la BID

**LE SYSTEME BANCAIRE ISLAMIQUE : LE BILAN**, (**1996**), 65 pages
*Ziauddin Ahmed*
Le but de ce papier est d’examiner et d’évaluer la situation actuelle dans le domaine des banques islamiques aussi bien du point de vue théorique que pratique.

**QU’EST-CE QUE L’ÉCONOMIE ISLAMIQUE?** (**1996**), 81 pages
*Mohammad Umer Chapra*

**EVOLUTION DES ACTIVITES BANCAIRES ISLAMIQUES: PROBLEMES ET PERSPECTIVES** (**1998**), 30 pages
*Saleh Kamel*
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<td>Ce livre développe avec habilité la logique islamique de la prohibition du Ribâ, et démontre avec rigueur la viabilité et la supériorité du système de financement basé sur la participation au capital.</td>
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<td>Munawar Iqbal, Ausaf Ahmad et Tariquallah Khan</td>
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<td>Le but de ce document occasionnel est que les théoriciens et praticiens dans le domaine bancaire islamique doivent explorer les voies et moyens permettant au système bancaire islamique de soutenir son rythme de progrès au moment où il entre dans le 21ème siècle.</td>
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